

**Quadratic Function Model****Introduction**

\_\_\_\_\_ function, which graphs as a \_\_\_\_\_, has \_\_\_\_\_.

Format #1:

Format #2:

where

caveat:

**Parabola Orientation**

domain:

**Quadratic Format #1****Vertex**

To find the \_\_\_\_\_ of the \_\_\_\_\_, use \_\_\_\_\_.

Then to find its \_\_\_\_\_, plug the \_\_\_\_\_ back into the \_\_\_\_\_.

On a \_\_\_\_\_, the \_\_\_\_\_ is an \_\_\_\_\_.



**Intercepts**

Since a \_\_\_\_\_ is a \_\_\_\_\_, it will have \_\_\_\_\_.

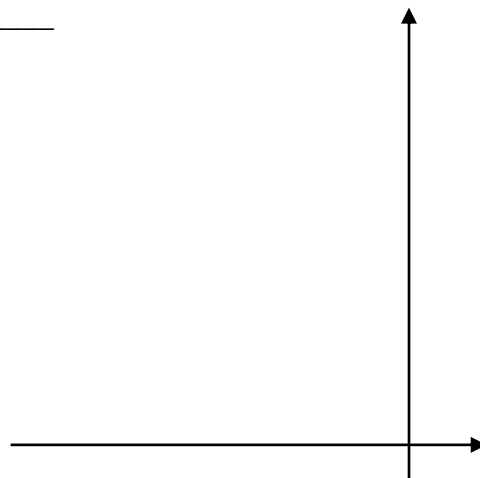
Expect it to have \_\_\_\_\_.

ex. Identify the \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_

vertex  $x$ -value:

vertex  $y$ -value:

$y$ -intercept:



$x$ -intercept:

range:

ex. Identify the \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_

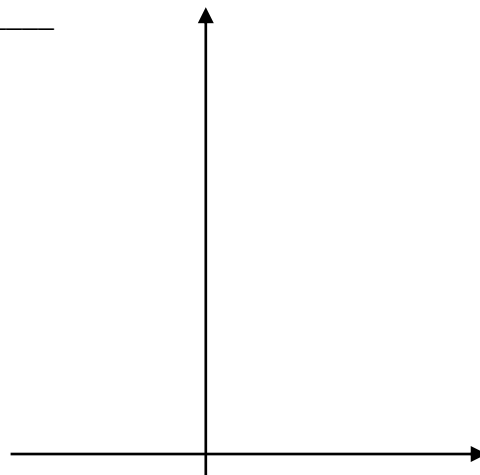
vertex  $x$ -value:

vertex  $y$ -value:

$y$ -intercept:

$x$ -intercept:

range:



### Quadratic Formula

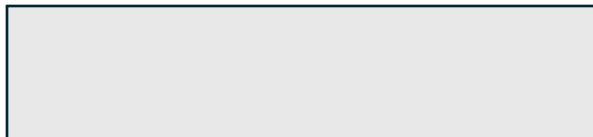
A \_\_\_\_\_ doesn't always \_\_\_\_\_ nicely into \_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_\_\_ can ALWAYS be used to determine \_\_\_\_\_, if any.

**Quadratic Formula**

ex. Use Quadratic Formula to determine \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_.

ex. Use Quadratic Formula to show there are \_\_\_\_\_ on \_\_\_\_\_.

**Quadratic Format #2****Vertex**

ex. Identify the \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_

vertex:

y-intercept:

x-intercept:

**Application of the Vertex**

Recall that the \_\_\_\_\_ of the \_\_\_\_\_ determines if

the \_\_\_\_\_ opens \_\_\_\_\_.

ex. Given \_\_\_\_\_,

does the function have a maximum or a minimum? How do you know?

*When* does it reach the maximum or minimum?

What is the maximum or minimum *value*?